

Informatik II

Übung 5

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Program Today

1 Feedback of last exercise

2 Repetition Lectures

Last week: Reading from the scanner

```
static void printByIndex(List<Measurement> data, Scanner scanner){  
    int index;  
    while (scanner.hasNextInt()) {  
        index = scanner.nextInt();  
        Measurement m = data.get(index);  
        System.out.println(m);  
    }  
}
```

Last week: Reading from the scanner

```
static void printByIndex(List<Measurement> data, Scanner scanner){  
    int index;  
    while (scanner.hasNextInt()) {  
        index = scanner.nextInt();  
        Measurement m = data.get(index);  
        System.out.println(m);  
    }  
}
```

Runtime exception handling not needed here:

After the first Non-Integer encountered, we exit the While loop and do not read anything from the Scanner anymore.

Last week: Reading from a file

```
private static List<Measurement> readCSV(String csvFile) {  
    try (Filereader fr = new FileReader(csvFile);  
        BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(fr);) {  
        List<Measurement> data = new ArrayList<Measurement>();  
        String line = br.readLine(); // CSV header line  
        while ((line = br.readLine()) != null) { // All other lines  
            Measurement m = new Measurement(line); // Constructor  
            data.add(m);  
        }  
        return data;  
    } catch (IOException e) {  
        System.err.println("Could not read earthquake data: " + e);  
        return null;  
    }  
}
```

Last week: Generic sorting

By implementing Comparable Interface:

```
public int compareTo(Measurement that) {  
    int BEFORE = -1; int EQUAL = 0; int AFTER = 1;  
    // exactly the same reference?  
    if (this == that) return EQUAL;  
    // Compare Magnitude DESCENDING  
    if (this.getMagnitude() > that.getMagnitude())  
        return BEFORE;  
    else if (this.getMagnitude() < that.getMagnitude())  
        return AFTER;  
    else // Compare Date/Time DESCENDING  
        return -this.getDateTIme().compareTo(that.getDateTIme());  
}
```

Last week: Generic sorting

Alternative: Passing a Comparator.

```
import java.util.Comparator;
```

```
...
```

```
Collections.sort(data, // + Comparator
    Comparator.comparing(Measurement::getMagnitude, // DESC Magnitude
        Comparator.reverseOrder())
    .thenComparing(Measurement::getDateTime, // DESC Date/Time
        Comparator.reverseOrder()));
```

Repetition Lecture Content: Example 1

```
try(Stream<String> stream = Files.lines(Paths.get("fruits.csv"))) {  
  
    Fruit someFruit = stream.skip(1)  
        .map(Fruit::new)  
        .max(Fruit::compareTo)  
  
        .get();  
    System.out.println(someFruit);  
  
} catch(IOException e) {  
    System.err.println("Oh, that's too bad "+e);  
}
```

Repetition Lecture Content: Example 1

```
try(Stream<String> stream = Files.lines(Paths.get("fruits.csv"))) {  
  
    Fruit someFruit = stream.skip(1) // skip CSV header line  
        .map(Fruit::new)           // map lines to Fruit Objects  
        .max(Fruit::compareTo)     // use implemented Comparable  
        // .max((a,b) -> a.compareTo(b)) // equivalent lambda expr.  
                                         // .max returns Optional<Fruit>  
        .get();                   // Optional<Fruit> to Fruit  
    System.out.println(someFruit);  
  
} catch(IOException e) {  
    System.err.println("Oh, that's too bad "+e);  
}
```

Repetition Lecture Content: Example 2

...

```
stream.skip(1)
    .map(String::toUpperCase)
    .map(Fruit::new)
    .filter(m -> m.getTaste() >= 5)
    .filter(m -> m.getCalories()-55 <= 7 && 55-m.getCalories() <= 7)

    .sorted((a,b) -> Integer.compare(a.getTaste(), b.getTaste()))

    .forEach(System.out::println);
```

...

Repetition Lecture Content: Example 2

...

```
stream.skip(1)
    .map(String::toUpperCase)          // all CAPS
    .map(Fruit::new)                  // map lines to fruits, only keep
    .filter(m -> m.getTaste() >= 5) // - good tasting fruits
    .filter(m -> m.getCalories()-55 <= 7 && 55-m.getCalories() <= 7)
                                // - with |calories-55| <= 7
    .sorted((a,b) -> Integer.compare(a.getTaste(), b.getTaste()))
                                // sort by Taste ascendingly
    .forEach(System.out::println);   // print remaining sorted fruits
```

...

Repetition Lecture Content: Example 3

...

```
Double someDouble =  
stream.skip(1)  
    .map(Fruit::new)  
    .mapToDouble(m -> 1d*m.getCalories()/m.getTaste())  
  
.peek(System.out::println)  
.average()  
.getAsDouble();  
System.out.println(someDouble);
```

...

Repetition Lecture Content: Example 3

...

```
Double someDouble =  
stream.skip(1)  
    .map(Fruit::new)          // map lines to fruits  
    .mapToDouble(m -> 1d*m.getCalories()/m.getTaste())  
                           // map to Calories per Unit of Taste  
    .peek(System.out::println) // observe what's happening in stream  
    .average()               // compute mean, as OptionalDouble  
    .getAsDouble();           // OptionalDouble to Double  
System.out.println(someDouble);
```

...

Questions / Suggestions?