

Assignment 7Felix Friedrich, ETH Zürich, 27.10.2015

Implementation of Priority Inheritance

Lessons to Learn

- Understand the problem of Priority Inversion and how to deal with it
- Get deeper insight into scheduling and process synchronisation algorithms of A_2

Preceding Remark

- We are considering the A2 System with 3 user priorities (Low, Normal, High).
- The *development system* is WinAos or Linux Aos, an emulation of A2 under Windows/Linux. The scheduling part of WinAos/LinuxAos is implemented using Windows/Linux threads and thus does not strictly follow the scheduling protocol of A2.
- Henceforth as *target system* we will use A2 running in a virtual machine. This A2 system does *not yet* comprise priority inversion handling.
- Install VirtualBox on your device. If you feel uncomfortable with this, you can use any virtualisation environment that emulates modern x86 hardware and that has a support for booting from raw disk images as IDE devices.
- We have prepared a script to build A2 for execution in VirtualBox (or VMWare). The virtual disk A2HDD.img is zipped as A2HDD.zip. Please extract this file before working on the tasks.

Preparation

The first task can be executed on the *target system* completely. You do not need to start A2 on your host.

Task 1

Compile and execute program `TestPrioInv.Mod` on the target system. Analyse its behavior by looking at the source code of `TestPrioInv.Mod` and the log output. What implication has the scheduling policy?

Task 2

Modify procedure `Lock` of module `Objects.Mod` in such a way that it produces some console output if priorities are supposed to be inherited. Use module `Log.Mod` for logging, and `LogWindow.Open` to open a window containing the output produced via `Log.Mod`. We are using this special logging facility in order to prevent the system from ample logging during booting. Use `TestPrioInv.Mod` to trigger the console output.

Task 3

Implement the priority inversion handling protocol that was presented in the lecture.

- First make sure that priorities are set and reset correctly in procedures `Lock` and `Unlock`. In a second step the priority propagation should be implemented as a helper procedure `PropagatePrio`. Add respective calls in `Lock` and `Unlock`.
Hint: No additional fields in the data structure are required. The counter fields are already present at the data structure of processes `Objects.Process.prioRequests` and object headers `Heaps.ProtRecBlockDesc.waitingPriorities`
- Update procedures `Await` and `TransferLock` accordingly.

Important Hint: Do not change the external interface of the Module `Objects`, as you would need to recompile the whole system otherwise!

Documents

- [System Construction Lecture 7](http://lec.inf.ethz.ch/syscon) slides from the course-homepage <http://lec.inf.ethz.ch/syscon>
- `A2` Programming Quickstart Guide. File [A2QuickStartGuide.pdf](#) in folder `documents/oberon`